The Bethel Courier.

A Weekly Family Newspaper, Neutral in Politics, devoted to Literature Agriculture, Education, the Mechanic Arts, and the News of the Day.

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The Bethel Courier.

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THE FOREST HERO.

General Anthony Wayne—"Mad Anthony," as he was often termed by the whites, "The Wind," as he was generally designated by the Indians—both appellations being bestowed because of his unswerving boldness,not to say rashness, in pushing forward to the accomplishment of his designs, regardless of obstacles—was undoubtedly,all things considered, the most successful commander, that ever led the half-disciplined troops of the border against their forest enemies.

In August, 1794, he fought the famous battle of the Fallen Timbers: and in the folowing year he concluded the celebrated treaty of peace with the combined Indian nations at Forte Greenville. He was a disciplinarian,and drilled his troops to load while running, and to erect protective breastworks at a few moments notice. Moreover, he kept out scouts or spies, and he took care to repose his confidence only in men worthy of the trust, by which means he called around him a select body of the most skillful and daring spirits, who felt a justifiable pride in finding themselves honored by his confidence. Of this little but intrepid band of scouts there are several whose names and deeds have come down to us, though it is the intention in this connection to speak of but one.

Among the most conspicuous of Waynes' Legion was a stout, well built, athletic man, by the name of Josiah Hunt; and a braver fellow, a better hunter, a keener marksman, and a more skillful woodsman altogether, the frontier never produced. While Wayne and his army lay at Fort Greenville, during the winter of 1794 and '95, prior to the battle of the Fallen Timbers, Hunt was selected to act in the double capacity of hunter and scout, and the manner in which he discharged his perilous duty made him famous even among the border men, and is worthy of a record on the page of history.

At this period Fort Greenville was an isolated place in the very heart of the wilderness. In a bitter winter, and environed by hostile Indians, who kept a constant watch upon it, to note every movement of the whites, and cut off any small party that might attempt to leave it: and to escape the vigilance of these dangerous spies, Hunt chose to go forth and return under cover of night—his maxim being, that once abroad in the forest, he had just as good a chance of seeing his skulking enemy as the latter had of discerning him.

On leaving the fort he would strike off boldly into the forest, in the direction of his next day's hunt, and when satisfied he was beyond the circle of the outlaying Indian scouts, he would dig a hole to the depth and diameter of a foot, and setting fire by means of flint and steel, to some tinder in the bottom of the excavation, he would next cover it over with some dry oak bark, previously gathered from a dead tree, and put on the outside a sufficient layer of earth to keep it smouldering all night without once coming to a blaze, and thus showing what might come to a destructive light. Then squatting himself down, coiling his legs around this pit, and closely enveloping the upper portion of his body in a blanket, he would pass the long and freezing night in a sitting posture, sleeping what are called "cat naps," with his trusty rifle close to his grasp, and prepared to wake and put himself on his guard at even the snapping of a twig.

After thus sitting and sleeping through the night, he would start at daylight on his hunt for game. On getting sight of a deer he would put a bullet between his teeth,ready to load as soon as discharged—nor would he remove from his tracks till this had been done. Then, looking cautiously about him, he would approach the deer warily, drag it to a tree, and with his back against the latter, so that he could only be attacked in front, he would begin to skin the animal, stopping now and then to take a cautious survey of the scene. He would then, if not too far from the fort, cut off the fore quarters of the beast, and so arrange them in the skin as to be able to swing the whole on his shoulders like a sack, and in this way he would cautiously work his way back to the garrison, timing himself so as to arrive soon after dusk, especially if many Indians were scouting in that vicinity. If the deer chanced to be killed very far from the fort he would bring in the two forequarters.

It happened one day that while skinning a deer in the manner related, three Indians who had observed his movements, approached him from behind, in single file, keeping the tree in an exact line between him and them. But tho' they moved in the most noiseless and stealthy manner, Hunt suddenly ceased his work, quietly grasped his rifle, and quickly rising to his feet, stood with his head and neck stretched up like a frightened turkey. He stood thus for a moment, motionless as a statue, listening with suspended breath, and sweeping the whole scene before him with his keen,black eye. Then quietly turning on his heel, so as to face the tree, he quietly stepped back a few paces, placed a bullet between his teeth, brought his powder-horn forward convenient to his hand, and raised his rifle to aim. The next instant he took a step aside, and beheld the three Indians advancing in a line, the nearest one no more than twenty yards distart. The latter had just time to perceive his white foe, and utter a short yell of surprise and alarm when the rifle of the intrepid woodsman flashed, and the fatal ball passed directly through him and lodged in the breast of the next one behind, bringing both to the ground together.—The first was killed, or nearly so—the second so badly wounded as to yell and flounder with pain—the other stopped for a moment, seemingly bewildered with surprise and terror, and then darted away to the nearest tree. The moment the unwounded Indian started to run, Hunt bounded forward with a yell regardless of the risk, siezed the musket of the first Indian, poured its contents into the second, killed him at once, and then caught up the other loaded piece and ran back to his tree, which he succeeded in reaching without drawing the fire of the only antagonist he had now to fear.

Hunt had now in his possession a loaded musket and his own unloaded rifle; and keeping a wary lookout for his foe he proceeded with all haste to recharge the piece on which he knew he could depend. This was completed in a short time, and then, as the remaining Indian had not made his appearance, he began to act on the aggresive. Cautiously peeping around his tree, first on one side and then on the other without getting a glimpse of his enemy. Then waiting a minute or two, he repeated the same manœuver, but with the same result. Thinking that in all probability the savage had fled in dismay, but not caring to risk too much, he remained in his position some five minutes longer, and then ventured to look again. But still no Indian was to be seen.

"Well," muttered the intrepid hunter, "if you've had the sense to make tracks, you painted imp, you've done the best thing there was for you."

Still, guided by prudence, he waited and watched a full half hour longer, without getting a glimpse of the savage, or discovering a single sign of his being now in the vicinity, and then he quietly returned to the animal he had slain, and finished his task of cutting it up and folding it in the hide in the manner related. This accomplished he was ready to set out for the fort; but he was too old a hunter and scout to think of leaving without the scalps of his foes—the taking of which would not only disgrace his enemies, but be a signal proof of his own prowess. So leaving the deer already packed for the journey, he returned to the dead Indians, he took not only their scalps, but every-thing from their bodies that he considered of any value; and having thus secured his plunder, he shouldered his game and set out on his return.

It might have been a couple of hours after this, that as he was passing through a little hollow, where the dusk of descending night rendered it quite dim and gloomy, he saw an Indiain spring across his path some distance ahead, and conceal himself behind a tree, as if to await his approach. Supposing, by this discovery, that he had gained a signal advantage over his enemy, Hunt kept on his course as though nothing had happened till he came alongside a thicket on his way, when, stopping and yawning, as if fatigued, he carelessly slipped the load from his shoulder, and entered the copse with the air of a man totally unconscious of dangez. But the moment the bushes concealed him from his enemy, he began to act with decision and vigor. Trowing his rifle forward, so that he could use it at a moment's warning, he began to creep along to a position for a shot at his foe. He had scarcely advanced twenty steps, however, keeping his eyes elevated to get a glimpse at his antagonist, when he suddenly found himself grasped by two athletic savages, who instantly overpowered him, and wrenched from him his rifle. Then a few short, shrill. triumphant whoops, which were answered all around him, told him too late that he had fallen into an ambush prepared for him.

Hunt was soon surrounded by his savage enemy, a dozen in number, who were in high glee at his capture, and partly with a few English words, and the rest by signs, they made him understand that it was their intention to take him home to their village and burn him for their amusement. Knowing resistance would be out of place, the intrepid scout attempted none, but quietly submitted to his hard fortune, hoping, of course, to find some opportunity of making his escape.

The Indians,treating him rather roughly, took him about ten miles that day, and then, binding him hand and foot, and further securing him by means of thongs, to two of the most athletic of their party, they went to sleep around a roaring fire. Hunt did not sleep, but lay perfectly quiet, well knowing that there was not the slightest chance for him to get away. It was a long, painful night to him, but he bore his sufferings like a martyr, without even a murmur.

The next day the Indians divided before noon leaving only three with their prisoner. These continued on with him towards their village, which was still distant some two or three days' journey.—That night, after giving him a reasonable quantity of food, the first they had offered him, they bound him as on the night previous, and fell asleep before a large fire. Hunt, eagerly watching all his chances, soon observed that the Indians slept soundly, and then, making an effort to move his arms, he discovered to his great surprise and joy, that the ligature around his right wrist was so carelessly fastened as to render it possible for him to work his hand through. This, after an hour's patient trial,he succeeded in doing; then, almost wild with hope and fear, he reached gently over his nearest enemy, and succeeded in drawing his knife from his sheath without disturbing his slumbers. He now felt as if his liberty were almost regained, and had much difficulty in compelling his eagerness to submit to that prudence which could alone insure him success.

Cautiously and silently, however, one by one he cut the thongs that bound him, and then crept noiselessly from between his guards. His rifle chanced to be so placed that he could secure it, together with his powder horn and bullet pouch; and thus armed, he debated within himself whether to attempt the slaughter of his captors or not. But as there might be other Indians in the vicinity he feared he would be risking too much, and concluded to steal quietly away, which he did, putting many a long mile between him and his captors before sunrise on the following day.

Two days after his escape, Hunt returned to the fort, with the usual amount of deer meat slung across his shoulders. In answer to many eager enquiries concerning his long absence; he related his remarkable adventures; but as the Indians had recovered the scalps of those he had killed, leaving him no tangible proof of his prowess, there were some who ventured to doubt the truth of his statement, for which reason Hunt would never afterwards allude to the subject.—Those who knew him best,however,were satisfied that his story was true and not exagerated; and through them and their descendants it has been preserved, and is now, for the first time published to the world.

He was at the battle of Fallen Timbers, and did good service; and at the treaty of Greenville, in 1795, was much inquired after by the Indians, "who," says the writer, "seemed to think him the next greatest man to Wayne himself, and assured him that some of their bravest and most cunning warriors had set out expressly to kill him, but because of his constant vigilance had never been able to succeed in their design."

He subsequently became a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and it it presumed that his last years were as peaceful as his life had been worthy.

The Likes and Dislikes of an Editor.

The arrival of the mail is the great event of the editorial day. An editor likes a "fat mail," i. e., plenty of letters with money in them. He is a mercenary dog.

He likes to receive communications which save him labor, such as may fill a place in in his columns without being shortened or "fixed up." He is a lazy fellow.

His detestation of a long, badly written manuscript, which *may* have a grain of interest lurking among its blots and scratches, and which therefore he feels it his duty to read, has never been expressed in words, and never can be. He is an irrascible person, rather.

He likes to receive a letter from a remote place, telling him that his paper is the best in the world. He is a modest man.

He likes (that is the young editor) to go into a handsome apartment in the house of "one of our best families," and see a lovely woman sitting on a magnificent sofa, under a resplendent astral lamp, so deeply absorbed in the perusal of his last number that she does not notice his enterance for five minutes. How he blushes! He forms a high opinion of her MORAL, SOCIAL and INTELLECTUAL worth.

He likes, when he is two thousand miles from home, to see a backwoodsman sitting on a stump in front of his log cabin, on a fine Sunday morning, lost in the columns of the same incomparable sheet. This gives him an idea of the universality of his genius.

He likes all those exchanges which have had the discrimination to copy anything from his columns, particularly if the copied article is preceeded by some commendatory observations. But

He abhors an exchange which copies without credit. He has a good mind to cease exchanging with "such a fellow" But magnanimity forbids.

He likes excessively to see an article of his in the London *Times*, credited to "*American Paper*." Why couldn't they have put the credit properly, is what he would like to know.

He likes, also, to *see* himself copied into *John O'Groat's Journal*, the *Oregonian*, or the Melbourne *Argus*. He is making himself felt at the antipodes!—His voice has gone forth to the ends of the earth, etc.

He likes to be the first to announce anything. But

If in his eagerness to do so, he has made a man dead who was only sick,and is ignominiously corrected by a rival, and obliged himself to acknowledge the error, he *don't* like it.

He likes—Oh! *how* he likes it!—to get out the best number he ever issued. He has this happiness very frequently.

He dislikes—Oh! how he dislikes!—a typographical error in the best phrase of the best sentence of the best article of the paper. Typograbical errors generally occur in that very place.

Yet, after all, there are few things he likes as well as a "fat mail," or dislikes so much as a lean one. The poor fellow must live—at least he thinks so.—*Life Illustrated.*

The Mystery of Music.

What a mystery is music—invisible, yet making the eye shine; intangible, yet making all the nerves to vibrate; between earth and heaven; falling upon this world as if a strain from that above, ascending to that as a thankoffering from ours. It is God's gift, and it is too lofty for anything but His praise; too near to the immaterial to be made the minister of sordid pleasure; too clearly destined to mount upwards to be used for inclining hearts to earth. O, that the churches knew how to sing; make music a joy, a triumph, a sunshine, a song of larks, as well as a midnight song of the nightingales!—*Arthur's Italy in Transition.*

Dr. Haye's Arctic Expedition.

SAILING OF THE EXPEDITION FROM UPERNAVIK

The expedition sailed from Upernavik, August 15, for Tessuissak. They encountered some ice, and arrived there on the 23d. At this place there was a small settlement of Esquamaux, one hundred and twelve of whom were employed to make up the furs purchased at Upernavik into clothing, sufficient for four years.—Six dog houses were constructed on the deck of the vessel, and the work of housing in the deck had been commenced before Dr. Longshaw left the expedition.

While at Proven, Commander Hayes asked each of the officers in succession if he would volunteer to carry dispatches to the United States, and the answer was in every case, "No, Sir." Dr. Hayes urged some one to volunteer, as otherwise he should be obliged to order some one to return. Dr. Longshaw's duties as botanist and geologist at Proven, Upernavik and Tessuissak had so taxed his eyesight as, added to the effect of the ice glaciers, to render him partially snow blind, in consequence of which Dr. Hayes thought it best to send him back with dispatches, believing him in danger of becoming entirely blind if he remained. Dr. L.'s eyesight is still much affected. He left the expedition on the 2d of September, at which time the following were the

PLANS FOR THE FUTURE, ETC.

Commander Hayes intended to leave Tessuissak about the 28th of August, bound up Smith Sound, on the west side, in order to attain as high a latitude as is possible before winter set in. Dr. Kane went up on the east side, but Dr. Hayes expected to find the western shore more free from ice. Having attained perhaps 80o, he would, during the month of October, carry two boats and a quantity of provisions to some point about two hundred miles north-northwest, which he hopes to accomplish before the long winter's night sets in. In April, or as soon as it is light enough, he will start for the depot and thence over the ice toward the Pole, carrying the boats to, and launching them upon the open sea, should he find it; If not, he would go over the ice as rapidly and as far as possible.

All the ship's company, officers and men, were in excellent health and spirits and enthusiastic about the result of the expedition. Dr. Hayes enjoys the confidence and affection of all on board, and has displayed those qualities of intrepidity and coolness in times of danger which are so requisite for success. An incident occurred the night before leaving Proven, which illustrates the strong bond of sympathy between Dr. Hayes and his associates. The Danish Governor ordered a salute to be fired in honor of the expedition, which was returned from the United States by Capt. McCormick. At the conclusion of the salutes, the officers and men all left the dance and assembled in front of the house, where they gave Dr. Hayes a round of hearty cheers.

The expedition is supplied with an abundance of stores of all kinds, and nothing is lacking to the comfort of the men. Books, musical instruments, and games of various kinds, contributed by thoughtful friends of the expediton, have already solaced many a long hour. Mr. Radcliffe, the assistant astronomer, is the life of the expedition. His jokes and stories have made him a great favorite. Mr. Knorr of Philadelphia is an excellent musician, performing on the violin, to which the others add vocal accompanyments.

The dissected meats contributed by a firm in New York, and the preserved fruits, roast beef, mutton, and other delicacies given by a firm in Boston, have opened well.

The scraps contributed by another firm have been highly relished by the Esquimaux dogs.

As a matter of interest to men of science, we may add that a fossil forest was discovered by the expedition, on the eastern shore of Dirco Bay, in which the trees, fruit and leaves are well preserved.

Dr. Longshaw has thoroughly studied the botany and geology of Greenland, specimens of which he has brought home.

☞ A man, blind from his birth, has recently completed, entirely without aid from any other person, a piano, which was exhibited last week, at the Indiana State Fair. Its tone is highly spoken of, and is in every respect a fine instrument.

The Bethel Courier ::: A Home Paper.

The Bethel Courier

FRIDAY MORNING, Nov. 30, 1860.

A Trip out of Town.

We took a trip to Andover, in this county last week. As good luck would have it, the "Old Folks," from Bethel were to give a Concert at this place the same evening we were to be there, and so we joined their company, and a cheerful set of old folks they seemed to be. We rode through Hanover, where the farmers look so independent in their good houses, surrounded by excellent land for cultivation. Grandfather Rowell entertained the company by anecdotes of olden time. Among these was one quite new to the company. A lot of the cat-tail flag was pointed out to him, and he was asked if they grew so when he was a boy. "Oh," said grandfather, "when I was a boy, cats grew on them, but they have so degenerated since that nothing but their tails are left."—This explanation satisfied the company. Ahead of our carriages was a *Bill-cart* with a huge poster of the Old Folks pasted on to the rear. The old folks gave him three cheers as they passed him.

Passing up Ellis river, which is a beautiful stream, lined on either side with well cultivated farms, we at length reached Andover Corner. This is a quiet little village situated on a plain forming the high and low intervale of Ellis river, of considerable extent, and surrounded by the mountains in the distance. We stopped at Mr. Eben Gregg's, where all the comforts of the inner man were well cared for. Mr. Gregg is the son of Col. Simon Gregg, well known in our boyhood as Colonel of the Portland Regiment about the year 1823, and afterward as Master Gregg, a teacher for several years in Portland. He is now 64 years old, and is an invalid. His father is still remembered in Cumberland County by the old people as Parson Wm. Gregg of Cape Elizabeth.

In the evening Master Parker's Old Folks held forth to a large and appreciative audience. There was quiet and that degree of order among the audience that showed them to be an intelligent people who are by no means destitute of true refinement.

The next morning we called on the widow of the Rev. Daniel Gould, formerly of Bethel, and found her, though 81 years old, engaged in caring for the domestic matters about the house, and had the good fortune to obtain from her the first sermon ever preached by her husband. We also passed the grave of Mollocket, who died in this town, and who should have some enduring monument erected over her grave. After completing our rambles in this beautiful spot we joined the old folks and passed down on the east side of the river to Rumford Point. We could but notice a splendid barn on the farm of Stephen Abbott. It is said to be the best barn in Oxford Co. It is elegant enough externally for a church.

RUMFORD. Stopped at D. G. Martin's, where the inner and the outer man were equally looked after. This is a pleasant summer residence. The broad and well cultivated intervales, the placid Androscoggin, the quiet little villages on either bank, conspire to form a beautiful picture. Along on these intervals the Indians had their cornfields, which served as granaries for the Anasagunticooks, who dwelt on this river.

The Old Folks gave a Concert in the Church that evening, and judging from the close attention and excellent order of the audience, they were highly pleased with the entertainment. We thought that Grandfather and Grandmother received much respect from all present.—After leaving Martin's as well as we could, for we dont see such fat turkeys every day, we again joined the old folks and rode to

BRYANT'S POND. This is a pretty village which has gone up in the woods since the construction of the railroad.—We admire the neat looking cottages throughout the village. It has two good churches, sustains a high School a portion of the year, has several stores and gives employment to quite a number of men in the granite quarries. These quarries are inexhaustable, and as we predicted when they were opend, the granite is much sought after. We took a ramble among them and found some rare and fine crystals.

Putting up at Hobbs & Tuttle's we found capital fare, and every attention we could wish. A heavy S. East storm set in during the afternoon, which prevented the old folks from having a full house, which, judging from the interest among the people, would have been crowded had it been fair weather. After the Concert we were invited to a lunch where good eating, good sentiments, good speeches, good wishes and good music occupied the time, when the rain held up, and our carriages so well provided by our Host Lovejoy were ready, we sung the song of the Old Folks and started for home, highly pleased with our trip. We shall feel all the better to engage in our winter's duties, and for once almost wish that we were old so that we might join the Old Folks and be as happy as they appeared to be in their excursion. The Old Folks are loud in their praises of the kind reception they met with during their whole route.

Interesting Sketch.

[We are indebted to Hon. Peter C. Virgin, of Rumford, for the following sketch of one of the few revolutionary soldiers now living. He and Mr. Abbot are the only survivors in Oxford County. ED. COURIER.]

SAMUEL ACKLEY was born in Boston, July 17th, 1763. His father died in Boston at the time of the Old French War, by starvation. His father was a wheelwright by trade, and at his death left a widow, two daughters and five sons.

Samuel was the youngest. After the death of his father he was sent to the Alms House, in Boston, where he remained until he was four years old.—John Merrill, of Topsham was at Boston, took him out and brought him up as his own child, as he had not any children of his own. He continued to live with Mr. Merrill until he was between sixteen and seventeen years of age, then enlisted in the Revolutionary Army of the United State, and served in Capt. Thomas Jackson's Company in Col. Craine's Regiment of Artillery and served as Matross. He mustered into the service at Boston, on the 17th day of July, 1781, and continued in the service three years. At the time he enlisted they paid him four dollars Bounty, and when he mustered at Boston he received 150 dollars in gold and silver. He then let Mr. Merrill have his money and he conveyed to him forty acres of land at Bowdoin Corner. The ballance for his services was paid to him in Continental money.

He afterwards married Miss Elizabeth Moody at Topsham in 1791, and his family was seven sons and four daughters.—Not one of them ever attended a public school, but he of himself taught all his children to read and write. On his way from Boston to West Point he was waiter to Lt. Isaac Rockmer. He was in the war of 1812 as a substitute for John Pooly. He marched all night so to be at Portland to be ready to meet the British, who were expected to be at that place. He now resides at Rumford, and receives a pension of $100 for Revolutionary services, and has received a land warrant of 150 acres and has resided at Rumford most of the time for forty years or more.

His health is now very feeble. He is very deaf and unable to converse with any one. He has a tolerably good appetite. He lives with his son, Samuel Ackley, Jr.

ATTEMPTED MURDER.—The Lewiston *Journal* states that Mr. J. S. Merrill, a watchman in the Porter mill in that place was called out of the mill on Wednesday night (21st) by two men who knocked him down and stabbed him in several places. He made such a vigorous and determined resistance, however, that they did not succeed in inflicting any mortal wounds, and on his raising an alarm they fled. Owing to the darkness, he could not recognize the assassins, but he supposed them to be Irishmen, with whom he has had some trouble the past season, growing out of the faithful discharge of his duties.

A LAND FOR PRINTERS.—Rev. J. C. Fletcher, in a lecture recently delivered at New York on Brazils, in speaking of the prospects of the press in that country, said that "the press was as free in Brazils as in New York: and the law required the printer to be paid both for his paper and advertisement in advance."

We learn that the Lewiston *Republican*, a neat and spicy paper, recently started in Lewiston, is about to be enlarged. Bro. Johnson is bound to go ahead.

TROTTING IN PARIS—A MAINE HORSE WINS.—The bay mare raised in this State, known as the Burnham mare, and formerly owned in Portland by George Burnham, but now owned in Paris by the Duke de Terranova, and known as Polly, on the 20th of October, in the Bois de Boulogne, trotted three miles in harness against the Marquis de Talon's English chestnut gelding for £200 a side.—The mare won by something like a quarter of a mile, in 9 minutes and 20 sec.

☞ The President has headed a subscription list for $100 in aid of Kansas sufferers.

For the Courier.

Shade and Ornamental Trees.

Shade and ornamental trees have only a relative value. In some places they are but little or no worth to their owner, while in other places they are of great price. When located in dense forests far away from villages and cities, they are deemed unworthy of notice. But when transplanted in cemeteries, parks, village and city streets, and in the grounds about dwelling houses, they are often valued very highly. There are many beautiful elms, maples, horse-chestnuts, mountain-ashes and firs in this village.—They are not only fine ornaments to the family residences, but they are a good screen from the scorching rays of a hot summer's sun and a protective against the fierce, bleak winds. Individuals would sooner have their yard fence demolished and burned, than have some one of their fine trees destroyed. But there is one terrible enemy to ornamental and shade trees which should be carefully watched and guarded. This enemy is the horse. He often exhibits real malignancy against those trees that are designed for comfort and ornament, and also against costly front yard fences.—Some things are found to be absolutely necessary to prevent his onslaught upon those objects which are a great beauty to a thriving village. Persons in a village who have good front yard fences, and ornamental trees should never consider the appendages to their house completed till they have erected one or more substantial hitching posts. In this place these are as essential as a door in the side of their house. They should have a firm post with a good ring, or what would be better, with a small chain having attached to its end a spring hasp that may be readily fastened to the bit of the bridle.

Persons making visits or calls, at families in a village who have finely arranged grounds, should not look for a yard fence or a tree as means to secure his beast.—But he should as readily look for a hitching post as he would for a door in the building.

No individual should trust his horse within a rod of an ornamental tree without being fastened. He will generally aim as directly to the tree as to a measure of grain. Two men in this place called one day on a family, one of them entered the house while the other stood near their horse. But not being sufficiently watchful the animal, he rushed to a shade tree and by a few hasty bites nearly destroyed it. Still another case. A person called at a house leaving his beast unfastened a short distance from an ornamental tree. The owner had a race with the horse towards the tree, and he was just in time to prevent a deadly bite. This subject demands the united attention of the owners of good door-yards, shrubbery and arbors and the owners of horses. A man would think it rather hard to pay an hundred, or fifty or even twenty-five dollars for a fine maple or elm, that his horse had girdled. Yet the owner would consider the price a small compensation for the damage. For both public and private good, it is hoped that this subject will receive proper attention by all our citizens. DELTA.

A REAL PUBLIC CONVENIENCE—That model Restaurant conducted by ALMON HUSSEY, in the So. Paris depot. In most railroad restaurants, on the arrival of trains all is bustle and confusion, waiters running hither and thither, one running against another, all after one thing at the same time and nobody getting it, and in this way they contrive to keep the passengers standing about with nothing to eat until nearly or quite time for the train to start, and if one is so lucky as to get anything to eat or drink, by the time he has fairly commenced operations the conductor's "all aboard" warns him to drop all and rush for the cars. Here it is different. Everything is ready when the trains arrive,—tables all set in the neatest manner, and in three minutes time after the train arrives every one is supplied with what he orders, and has ample time to eat. All is done quick but without confusion. You also get the best of fare—nice, juicy roast beef, hot potatoes, coffee *as is* coffee, the best of bread and golden butter, rich pies and cakes—and altogether such a dinner as will make a tired and hungry traveller laugh for joy—especially if he happens to be a poor printer just off a saw dust pudding diet.

☞ Elder Mungo, speaking of the time when he was a boy, says it was the custom of the school children, as you passed a school house, to make a bow.—But in these latter days, as you pass a school house, you must keep your eye peeled, or you will get a snow ball or a brickbat in the side of your head.

Read the Business Cards on first page.

New Publications.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY for December is a valuable and attractive number. The leading article entitled, "The United States and the Barbary States," is a very interesting account of the manner in which Eaton, Preble and Decatur carried our "war into Africa." "Sunshine," is an interesting story,—"The two Tongues" amusingly contrasts American and English idioms, vindicating the former— Miss Prescott's "Midsummer and May" is continued with growing interest—the "Professor's Story," is capital, and there many other interesting articles which we have not room to notice separately. Published by Ticknor & Fields, Boston.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK for January is received, and when we say that it is the most splendid number of this incomparable magazine ever published, we feel that we have said all that it is necessary to say. It is really a magnificent production. It contains *three* superb steel plate engravings, designed expressly for this number; another double fashion plate, colored in the highest style of the art, superior to anything we have ever before seen—a design for top of foot-stool printed in *six* colors, representing a tiger, besides several wood engravings of different kinds, making altogether a rich and valuable work. It is a matter of wonder to us how Mr. Godey can afford so much for so small a price, only $1,00 per year, with great reductions to clubs.

☞ The Bath *Times* is authorized to say that the statements copied by numerous papers from the Lewiston *Journal*, concerning the Androscoggin Railroad Extension, and the amount subscribed and paid in, are very erroneous, and though well-intended, such extravagant, unauthorized statements embarrass rather than aid the enterprise.

☞ Arrangements have been made to put on a daily line of steamers between Bath and Boston as soon as the Androscoggin Railroad extension to Lewiston shall be completed, which will be by the first of next September.

☞ We learn from the *Advocate* that those excellent daguerrean artists, the Locke brothers, of Lewiston, have nearly completed a building on Lisbon St., the whole of which will be occupied by themselves for the accommodation of their extensive business.

☞ We are sorry to learn that the saw-mill on Wild River in Gilead, owned by Hon. David Hammons of this village, was swept away on Saturday last. It had been completely repaired during the past summer. It was only a week previous that a freshet carried away the new dam of Hobson & Co., on the same stream. It is seldom that the Androscoggin rises so rapidly as during the rain on Saturday morning.

☞ The Winter Term of Gould's Academy will commence next Tuesday.—We anticipate a pleasant term. Let every one be on hand, if possible, on Tuesday morning.

THANKSGIVING.—We do not intend to write a long article on this now national day. We only advert to it to remind our readers that over eating and over exertion on the part of the inmates of a family are apt to destroy all real pleasure on that day. Something a little better than ordinary fare may be well—but a gormandizing habit degrades rather than elevates, renders us stupid when we should be active, and petulant rather than thankful. Let us exhibit our gratitude to the Great Author of our being and the Giver of all our blessings; remember the poor and the unfortunate, and implore the Divine Protection over ourselves and our common country.

☞ Twenty-six years have now passed since the Rev. Barnas Sears, D. D., baptised the Rev. J. G. Oacken—then a bookseller; and, now as a result of his labors, and those of his associates, converted mainly under his preaching, there are 65 Baptist churches, and 756 preaching stations in Germany, in which 120 preachers and Bible readers labor constantly; 8,000 baptized believers are now members of these churches, beside a still larger number, who have either emigrated to other countries, or gone home to rest above; 65 Sunday schools, attended by 1,200 children, are held every Sabbath; and 12,000 Bibles and many thousand Testaments and Tracts are annually circulated.

A SMART BOY.—An exchange says that Jimmy Welch, an Irish boy in Dudley, Mass., has gathered eighteen bushels of chestnuts the present season, for which he received $19,50. He has attended school regularly, and the chestnuts were gathered out of school hours.

ITEMS.

☞ We learn from the Aroostook *Times* that two young men of Aroostook county were burned in a camp in the woods last week. It seems that these young men left their homes on Monday week, expecting to return next day, after a hunting and fishing excursion, and camping out on Monday night. As they did not return as was expected, an alarm was raised, and search made, which resulted in finding the bodies of two persons in the ashes of an old lumber camp recently burned, situated on the waters of the St. Croix, a stream of the Aroostook river. It is supposed that these young men took lodgings in this camp, and that during the night it took fire from the one they had kindled, and they were probably smothered by the smoke before an escape could be made, and thus perished.

☞ Clear up your yards, bank up your houses if necessary, and prepare for winter and a visit from Nipping Cold, Esq., for they are "bound to come," and may get here before you are ready to receive them.

☞ The Bangor *Whig* says that counterfeit bills are in circulation in this state of the following denomination: Tens on the *City Bank*, Worcester, Mass.; tens on the City Bank, Manchester, N. H.; Twenties on Railroad, Lowell, Mass.; fives on Pittsfield, Mass.

☞ The latest Connecticut notion is a wooden school slate.

☞ Hon. Horatio King, Ass't Postmaster General is on a brief visit to his friends in this state.

☞ The southern excitement seems to be subsiding.

☞ The fine weather we have had the past month will prove highly favorable to farmers on account of hay. Cattle have got their living from the ground up to within a very few days.

☞ The editor of the Kennebec *Journal* expects to have a turkey for Thanksgiving. How lucky!

☞ It is said that Indian corn produces a clear fluid, which burns without odor without smoke, and is inexpensive, affording a good light, in an ordinary kerosene lamp, for half a cent an hour.—The corn oil is as clear and colorless as water.

☞ The Georgia girls are said to be all going into homespun. Very sensible girls. Dressing according to the tarnished purses of their papas.

☞ We publish the "Courier" one day earlier than usual this week, on account of Thanksgiving. There was some six inches of snow fell on Monday night last, and it being very damp and heavy, it is now trodden down solid and smooth, making grand sleighing—a great institution for thanksgiving.

☞ Mr. Ebenezer Newell, of Durham, fell from his wagon on Thursday afternoon of last week, between Yarmouth and Freeport, and was so severely injured that he died in a few minutes. He was about sixty years of age, and leaves a wife and three children.

☞ Dr. Livingstone, the American traveller, has been heard from. He was safe and well up to last May, and reported that the natives of Africa evince less hostility to travellers than formerly.

☞ The alms-house in Readfield was destroyed by fire on Thursday evening last. Supposed to have been set on fire by an inmate.

☞ The Augusta Bridge has been transferred to the Free Bridge Company, and the property is now managed in reference to making it a Free Bridge.

☞ Two boys, aged 8 and 12 years respectively, sons of Mr. Charles McKellan, of Bath, were drowned on Wednesday evening of last week.

☞ The late storm on the lakes has been very severe. The Buffalo *Commercial* thinks the wind blew harder on Friday night than for twenty-five years, much damage being done in the city. A flock of six hundred sheep were drowned at Tifft's Farm. One vessel on the lake threw overboard some $30,000 worth of copper ore.

THE LAST OF THE SEASON.—Mr. Jairus Dudley left in our office this week, a fine, ripe strawberry, picked on the roadside, near the depot in this town. Few of our neighboring towns can produce ripe strawberries the 25th of November.

☞ The Infant child of Capt. Marwick, of Pittston, that was so severely injured by the Fall River Railroad accident a few weeks since, died on Sabbath evening last.

The Law of Newspapers.

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.

2. If any subscriber orders the discontinuance of their news-paper, the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their newspapers from the offices to which they are directed, they are held responsible until they have settled their bills, and ordered them to be discontinued.

4. If subscribers remove to other places, without informing the publisher, and the newspapers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

5. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers from the office, or moving and leaving them uncalled for, is PRIMA FACIE evidence of intention of fraud.

6. The Postmaster who neglects to give legal notice of the neglect of a person to take from the office the newspapers addressed to him, is liable to the publisher for the subscription price.

BETHEL FARMER'S CLUB.—The annual meeting of the Club, will be held at the house of Gilman Chapman, Wednesday, Dec. 5, at seven o'clock, P. M.

SAD ACCIDENT.—The house of Bela Noyes, at North Norway, was burned to the ground on Monday night last, and Mr. Noyes, who was asleep in the house, and was the only occupant, was burned in the ruins. We are unable to learn any further particulars in relation to the affair at this time.

☞ At a recent term of the Supreme Court at Bangor, the case of Newcomb v. Inhabitants of Newburg, for damages for alleged defect in the highway, came up for trial, when the defendants put in the following specifications of defense:

1. No such town as Newburg;
2. No such man as Newcomb;
3. No road;
4. No hole in the road;
5. No horse ever injured;
6. Horse injured did not belong to plaintiff;
7. Plaintiff's finger not hurt;
8. Plaintiffs finger injured two years before;
9. Plaintiff injured his own finger by pounding it with a rock two years previous to the alleged cause of action against town, in anticipation of and preparation for the same.

It is quite unnecessary to add that the verdict was for defendants.

☞ Eighty-two persons have united with the Baptist Church by baptism, at So. Berwick since last April.

YALE AGRICULTURAL LECTURES.—The public will be gratified to learn that the novel experiment of the Yale Agricultural Lectures of last Winter was so successful as to induce its repetition the Winter on a more complete scale. The course will commence Feb. 5, and continue through the month. These lectures, which are of great value to the whole country, and worthy the attention of every cultivator, are given under the auspices of the Yale Scientific School, or Scientific Department of Yale College, as a supplement to its newly-instituted course of practical collegiate education, and for the benefit of the public at large. A new and important feature of this course will be its complete illustration by specimens, drawings, models and animals. Life-sized paintings of groups from celebrated herds will be included in these illustration. The lectures on training and breaking horses are to be accompanied by practical illustrations.—The lectures of last year will take part in the course, and other eminent names, with a variety of new subjects, will be added to the list.

The expenses of the course are provided for in part by subscription. The lectures are under the direction of Prof. John A. Porter, who may be addressed for further information.—*American Agriculturist*.

☞ A very singular discovery of human remains made during the past summer near Bathurst, Bay Chaleur. It appears that the Rev. W. B. Armstrong, after returning, wearied, from a long journey up the River Tattigouche, threw himself down on a sofa in his room, and fell into a deep sleep, during which he dreamed that he was engaged in digging money in large quantities at a place called Tinker Point. So impressed was he with the dream, on awakening, that he repaired to the spot, and after digging for a short time came to a coffin in which was the remains of a human body, measuring 8 feet 3 inches in length, which appeared to have been buried some years ago.—When the coffin was opened the outlines of a huge, well-proportioned body was seen, but which, when the air came to it, completely wasted away to dust. In the coffin was found several implements of warfare, and in a small earthen vessel, curiously sealed, a piece of parchment on which was some writing in a foreign language. The skeleton was left with Dr. Nicholson, and the manuscript with W. End, Esq. The curious will be anxious to hear from Mr. End what the translation of the writing is; it may possibly give some clue to the identity of the remains.—*Halifax Sun*.

The Bethel Courier.

MAILS.

Mails close as follows:—
To Portland, - - - 10 A. M.
To Island Pond - - - 4 P. M.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF TRAINS

Morning train leaves Bethel for Portland at 10.45, A. M. Returning—arrives from Portland at 4 1-2, P. M.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Every Sabbath at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 1 3-4 P. M., in the following churches:—
First Cong'l, - - - Rev. Mr. WHEELWRIGHT.
Method'st - - - Rev. Mr. GARLAND.
Universalist, - - - Rev. Mr. GAINES.

MEETINGS FOR PRAYER.

Sunday evenings at 6 1-2 o'clock, at the vestry. Bible Class, Tuesday evenings. Prayer Meeting Saturday evenings.

ADVERTISING.—Within a few years, all sorts of wants and wishes seems to be advertised. This mode seems to be the easiest, as well as the cheapest and most effective. The press speaks, not with a single voice, but with thousands of tongues. Merchants, tradesmen and and storekeepers have discovered this, and they naturally enough act accordingly. Not to advertise freely and frequently is to prove insensible to the actual condition of affairs. The individual who wishes to sell his goods, must of course let the fact be known. The variety of people that constitute a great community, can be reached only through the agency of the press. The cost, when the immense advantages are considered, should be considered a trifle. Some enterprising merchants, we are told, make it a rule to spend as much in advertising every year, as they pay rent.—*Springfield Republican*.

L. F. ATWOOD'S
Improved Vegetable Physical Bitters
JAUNDICE BITTERS.

This is an effective cure for Jaundice, Headache, Dyspepsia, Worms, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Colds and Fevers, and Darting Pains. It cleanses the blood from humors, and purifies the skin, and is also good for Liver Complaints, Strangury, Dropsy, Croup, and Phthisic.

KENDALL'S MILLS, January 15th, 1857.
This may certify that I have appointed H. H. HAY, WHOLESALE DRUGGIST, my SOLE GENERAL AGENT for the sale of my IMPROVED VEGETABLE PHYSICAL BILLIOUS JAUNDICE BITTERS, and from this date all orders must be addressed to him at PORTLAND, Me. L. F. ATWOOD.

BEWARE of a Bitter sent from Massachusetts, label bearing the name of Moses Atwood, George town; supposed by some to be my Bitter, or the same article. They are not, nor are they made by Moses Atwood and sent by him into Maine, as some have represented. Purchase none without my signature. 1y16

H. B. HALL, Druggist, Agent for Bethel.

PRESTON'S BROMA, Cracked Cocoa, and Cocoa Shells, for sale by
3w12 H. B. HALL, Bethel.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
1y47 Williamsburgh,
Kings County, New York.

H. B. HALL,
DEALER IN
Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs,
Perfumery, Fancy Goods & Stationery.
Also Fruit & Confectionery.
CHAPMAN'S BLOCK, - - BETHEL HILL.
Nov. 1, 1860. 1m45

Tolu Anodyne for Rheumatism.—Rheumatism, so often treated by outward application, fails of cure or relief, from the very fact that more than half of the cases can be traced to a dyspeptic habit. This causes inflammation of the blood or circulation and nervousness follows. Local Rheumatic pains are generally confined to the muscular or bony parts, but when it passes from one part of the system to the other it then is a Rheumatism of the nerves. Therefore all cases of general Rheumatism are nervous, and will be reached with the Tolu Anodyne. In cases of indigestion one light Cathartic pill (without mercurials) twice or three a week on going to bed, will assist the Anodyne very much. This same law applies with nearly equal force in cases of Partial Paralysis, Gout, and St. Vitus Dance. See advertisement and read the pamphlets.

A Friend in Need. Try It.

DR SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT is prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the great bone setter, and has been used in his practice for the last twenty years with the most astonishing success. As an external remedy it is without a rival, and will alleviate pain more speedily than any other preparation. For all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders it is truly infallible, and as a curative for Sores, Wounds, Sprains, Bruises &c. its soothing, healing and powerful strengthening properties, excite the just wonder and astonishment of all who have ever given it a trial. Over four hundred certificates of remarkable cures performed by it within the last two years attest this fact.

See advertisement.

Week's Magic Compound, is a pleasant remedy for every kind of cough, cold, and irritation of the breathing apparatus. It is a safe remedy—it is a powerful remedy—it is a remedy that cures. All honorable dealers have it for sale. See advertisement and testimonials of its merits in another column.

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wanted in exchange for the COURIER.

The Bethel Courier: : : A Home Paper.

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Herrick's Sugar Coated Pills
And Kid Strengthening Plasters.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
See adv. on 3d page.

Marriages.

In Monmouth, 14th inst., by Rev. D. B. Holt, Mr. Geo. F. Rowell, to Miss Mary L. P. Boynton.

Deaths.

In Manchester, Mass., Prof. Jedediah Cobb, M. D., formerly of Gray, aged 59; for a long time Professor of Anatomy and Surgery in Louisville, Ky., and in the Maine Medical School at Brunswick, and a graduate of Bowdoin College, of the class of 1820.

Obituary.

In Portland, Nov. 17th, of typhoid fever, Mr. Charles E. Barker son of the late Benjamin Barker of Bethel aged 21 years.

His end was peace. He died in the assurance of a good hope through faith in Christ.—His dying words were language of comfort to his bereaved mother and of exhortation to the young to live a life of godliness and prayer and be prepared for death.

"There is a land of pure delight,
Where saints immortal reign;
Infinite day excludes the night,
And pleasures banish pain.

There everlasting spring abides,
And never withering flowers:
Death like a narrow sea divides
This heaven'ly land from ours."

E. D. NORCROSS,
Two doors north of the Post Office,
AUGUSTA, ME.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Hot Air
FURNACES.

Manufacturer of a greater variety of Furnaces than can be found in any other establishment designed for warming all classes of buildings, from a small dwelling to the largest church. For durability and economy I can refer to the large number of persons that have used them the past ten years. Having the present season made great improvements in furnaces, I have constructed a Superior Furnace adapted to

Burn Wood or Coal.

For Durability, Capacity to Heat, and Economy of Fuel, is a first rate article.

Also—I manufacture Furnaces from Steam Boiler Iron. All in want of the best Heating Apparatus, are requested to examine them. Personal attention given to fitting up with the Registers and Pipes in any part of the State, or such directions given, that any mason can fit them up in the best manner thereby saving the expense of time and travel, which would be incurred in sending a road for masons. *Order early.*
Augusta, Sept., 1860. 6w10

A Wonderful Remedy
FOR
A WONDERFUL AGE!
Herricks Sugar Coated Pills.

The best family Cathartic in the WORLD; used twenty years by five millions of PERSONS annually; always give satisfaction; contain nothing injurious; patronized by the Principal Physicians and Surgeons in the UNION; elegantly coated with sugar. Large Boxes 25 cts. 5 Boxes ONE DOLLAR.—Full directions with each box. Warranted superior to any Pill before the public.

HERRICK'S
KID STRENGTHENING PLASTERS
cure in five hours, pains and weakness of the breast, side and back, and Rheumatic complaints in equally short periods of time. Spread on beutiful white lamb skin, their use subjects the wearer to no inconvenience, and each one will wear from one week to three months. Price 18 3-4 Cents.

Herrick's Sugar Coated Pills and Kid Plasters are sold by druggists and merchants in all parts of the United States, Canadas and South America, and may be obtained by calling for them by their full name.

DR. L. R. HERRICK and CO., Albany, N. Y.
For sale by H. B. HALL, & I. C. KIMBALL, Bethel, MILTON HOLT, West Bethel.
E. BLASHFIELD, Traveling Agent. 1y36

STRYCHNINE
to kill, and Medicines to cure at
J. S. ABBOTT'S, Bethel Hill.

FISHING TACKLE
and Gun Trimmings. Guns &c., repaired at
ABBOTT'S, Bethel Hill, Me.

CAN'T FIND IT!
Except at J. S. Abbott's, the great Bazaar for Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Toys, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Fishing Tackle, Medicines, Gun fixings, Smoking Pipes, and anything that you can't find anywhere else, in his line. Bethel Hill.

BETHEL
MARBLE YARD!!
THE SUBSCRIBER would say to his friends and all others who may be in want of
Monuments, Gravestones, Tables, &c.,
that he is prepared to furnish any article of Marble Work in as good style and at as low prices as at any place in the State.
C. M. WORMELL
Bethel April 6. 1860.

J. ALDEN SMITH,
BOOK, JOB & CARD PRINTER,
BETHEL HILL, ME.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE AMALGAMATION OF LANGUAGES.—There is a growing tendancy in this age to appropriate the most expressive words of other languages, and after a while to incorporate them into our own; thus the word Cephalic, which is from the Greek, signifying "for the head," is now becoming popularized in connection with Mr. Spaulding's great Headache remedy, but it will soon be used in a more general way, and the word Cephalic will become as common as Electrotype and many others whose distinction as foreign words has been worn away by common usage until they seem "native and to the manor born."

'ardiy Realized.

Hi ad 'a 'orrible 'eadache this hafternoon, hand I stepped into the hapothecaries hand says hi to the man, "Can you hese me of an 'eadache?" "Does it hache 'ard," says 'e. "Hexceedingly," says hi, hand upon that 'e gave me a Cephalic Pill, hand 'pon me 'onor it cured me so quick that I 'ardly realized I 'ad 'ad an 'eadache.

HEADACHE is the favorite sign by which nature makes known any deviation whatever from the natural state of the brain, and viewed in this light it may be looked on as a safeguard intended to give notice of disease which might otherwise escape attention, till too late to be remedied; and its indications should never be neglected. Headaches may be classified under two names, viz: Symptomatic and Idiopathic. Symptomatic Headache is exceedingly common and is the precursor of a great variety of diseases, among which are Apoplexy, Gout, Rheumatism and all febrile diseases.—In its nervous form it is sympathetic of disease of the stomach constituting sick headache, of hepatic diseases constituting billious headache, of worms, constipation and other disorders of the bowels, as well as renal and uterine affections. Diseases of the heart are very frequently attended with Headaches; Anæmia and plethora are also affections which frequently occasion headache. Idiopathic Headache is also very common, being usually distinguished by the name of nervous headache, sometimes coming on suddenly in a state of apparently good health and prostrating at once the mental and physical energies, and in other instances it comes on slowly, heralded by depression of spirits or acerbity of temper. In most instances the pain is in the front of the head over one or both eyes, and sometimes provoking vomiting; under this class may also be named Neuralgia.

For the treatment of either class of Headache the Cephalic Pills have been found a sure and safe remedy, relieving the most acute pains in a few minutes, and by its subtle power eradicating the diseases of which Headache is the unerring index.

BRIDGET.—Missus wants you to send her a box of Cephalic Glue, no a bottle of Prepared Pills,—but I'm thinking that's not just it naither; but perhaps ye'll be afther knowing what it is. Ye see she's nigh dead and gone with the Sick headache, and wants some more of that same as relaived her before.

DRUGGIST.—You must mean Spaulding's Cephalic Pills.

BRIDGET.—Och! sure now and you've sed it, here's the quarther and giv me the Pills and don't be all day about it aither.

OVER EXCITEMENT, and the mental care and anxiety incident to close attention to business or study, are among the numerous causes of Nervous Headache. The disordered state of mind and body incident to this distressing complaint is a fatal blow to all energy and ambition. Sufferers by this disorder can always obtain speedy relief from these distressing attacks by using one of the Cephalic Pills whenever the symptoms appear. It quiets the overtasked brain, and soothes the strained and jarring nerves, and relaxes the tension of the stomach which always accompanies and aggravates the disordered condition of the brain.

FACT WORTH KNOWING.—Spaulding's Cephalic Pills are a certain cure for Sick Headache, Billious Headache, Nervous Headache, Costiveness and General Debility.

Cephalic Pills
CURE
Sick Headache!
CURE
Nervous Headache
CURE
All kinds of
Headache.

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of Nervous or Sick Headache may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the Nausea and Headache to which females are so subject.

They act gently upon the bowels,—removing costiveness.

For Literary Men, Students, Delicate Females, and all persons of sedentary habits, they are valuable as a Laxative, improving the appetite, giving tone and vigor to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the nervous system or from a deranged state of the stomach.

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

The genuine have five signatures of Henry C. Spaulding on each Box.

Sold by Druggists and all other Dealers in Medicines.

A Box will be sent by mail prepaid on receipt of the

PRICE 25 CENTS.

All orders should be addressed to

HENRY C. SPAULDING,
1y40 49 Cedar Street, New York.

ANOTHER GRAND OPENING
—OF—
DRESS GOODS, CLOAKS
—AND—
SHAWLS!
—AT—
J. W. PERKINS & CO'S.

J. W. P. & Co. have just opened a large and elegant stock of Silks, Thibets, Cashmeres, Mohairs, DeLaines and Prints that are to be sold with a rush,

IF LOW PRICES WILL DO IT!

They are also well stocked with

DOMESTIC & WOOLEN GOODS,
CARPETS,
Feathers and Mattresses!

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,
AND
CLOAK GOODS.

A better stock was never offered in this market. Their whole stock now amounts to over

$10,000!

and is a rare selection for buyers.
Lewiston, Nov. 29th, 1860. 2m19.

JUST OPENED
A
NEW DRUG STORE
in the
New Brick Building
recently erected by R. A. Chapman, Esq., on
BETHEL HILL.

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Bethel and the surrounding country, that he has taken the above named store for the purpose of doing the business of an Apothecary and Druggist. Having been many years in the above line in a neighboring city, he hopes by close attention to business, to merit the confidence of the public, and receive a share of patronage. Strict personal attention will be paid to putting up

Physicians' Prescriptions

and special care used in selecting and compounding medicines. A general assortment of

DRUGS, MEDICINES,
Dye Stuffs, Perfumery,
Fancy Goods, Books, Stationery,
FRUIT & CONFECTIONERY.
Including all the most popular
PATENT MEDICINES

with all articles usually kept in a store of this kind, constantly on hand. Terms Cash.

H. B. HALL.
Nov. 9th, 1860. 1y17

DR. MOTT'S
CHALYBEATE RESTORATIVE
PILLS OF IRON.

An aperient and Stomachic preparation of IRON parified of Oxygen and Carbon by combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest Medical Authorities, both in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice.

The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case.

Innoxious in all maladies in which it has been tried, it has proved absolutely curative in each of the following complaints, viz:

In Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Consumption, Diarrœa, Dysentery, Incipient Consumption, Scrofulous Tuberculosis Salt Rheum, Mismenstruation, Whites, Chlorosis, Liver-Complaints, Chronic Headache, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fevers, Pimples on the Face, &c.

In cases of GENERAL DEBILITY, whether the result of acute disease, or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative has proved successful to an extent which no description nor written attestation would render credible. Invalids so long bed ridden as to have become forgotten in their own neighborhoods have suddenly re-appeared in the busy world as if just returned from protracted travel in a distant land. Some very signal instances of this kind are attested of female sufferers, emaciated victims of apparent marasmus, sanguineous exhaustion, critical changes, and that complication of nervous and dyspeptic aversion to air and exercise for which the physician has no name.

In NERVOUS AFFECTIONS of all kinds, and for reasons familiar to medical men, the operation of this preparation of iron must necessarily be salutary, for unlike the old oxydes, it is vigorously tonic, without being exciting and overheating; and gently, regularly aperient, in the most obstinate cases of costiveness without ever being a gastric purgative, or inflicting a disagreeable sensation.

It is this property, among others, which makes it so remarkably effectual and permanent a remedy for PILES, upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and specific action, by dispersing the local tendency which forms them.

In DYSPEPSIA, innumerable as are its causes, a single box of these Chalybeate Pills has often sufficed for the most habitual cases, including the attendant COSTIVENESS.

In unchecked DIARRHŒA, even when advanced in DYSENTARY, confirmed, emaciating, and apparently malignant, the effects have been equally decisive and astonishing.

In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent hectic which generally indicate INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians, in several very gratifying and interesting instances.

The SCROFULOUS TUBERCULOSIS, this medicated iron has had far more than the good effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of iodine, without any of their well known liabilities.

The attention of females cannot be too confidently invited to this REMEDY and RESTORATIVE, in the cases peculiarly affecting them.

In RHEUMATISM, both chronic and inflamatory—in the latter, however, more decidedly—it has been invariably well reported, both in alleviating pain and reducing the swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles.

In INTERMITTENT FEVERS it must necessarily be a great remedy and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West, will probably be one of high renown and usefulness.

No remedy has ever been discovered in the whole history of medicine, which exherts such prompt, happy, and full restorative effects.—Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use.

Put up in neat flat metal boxes containing 50 pills, price 50 cents per box; for sale by druggists and dealers. Will be sent free to any address on receipt of the price. All letters, orders, etc., should be addressed to.

B. B. LOCKE & Co., General Agent.
20 CEDAR ST., N. Y.

NEW STORE
AT
WALKER'S MILLS.

A. G. TINKHAM, would respectfully announce to the public that he has just opened a store at Walker's Mills, where he will keep constantly on hand and for sale a good assortment of the best quality of goods usually found in a Country Store, consisting in part of

PRINTS, DeLAINES, PLAIDS,

Ginghams, Cambrics, Sheetings, Drillings, Tickings, Denims, Doeskins, Cassimeres, Satinetts &c

LADIES' WOOL SHAWLS,

Ratans, and Watch Spring Skirts, men's and boys Thick Boots, Women's, Misses and Children's

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers!

Also constantly on hand, **Crockery, Glass,** and **Tin Ware,**

W. I Goods and Groceries,

consisting in part of Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Saleratus, Raisins, Spices, Tobacco, Flour, Salt Fish, Salt, **Kerosene Lamps,** Kerosene and Whale Oil, &c.

The above goods have been purchased for CASH, and will be sold as low as can be bought elsewhere.

WANTED.

In exchange for the above, Butter, Corn, Oats, Beans, Dried Apple, Poultry, Wool Skins, and Hides.

Walker's Mills, Bethel, Nov. 22, 1860. 49tf

DR. SWEET'S
Infallible Liniment,
THE
Great External Remedy,
FOR RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA, LUMBAGO, STIFF NECK AND JOINTS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, CUTS AND WOUNDS, PILES, HEADACHE, AND ALL RHEUMATIC AND NERVOUS DISORDERS.

For all of which it is a speedy and certain remedy, and never fails. This liniment is prepared from a receipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the famous bone setter, and has been used in his practice for more than twenty years with the most astonishing success.

AS AN ALLEVIATOR OF PAIN, it is unrivaled by any preparation before the public, of which the most skeptical may be convinced by a single trial.

This liniment will cure rapidly and radically Rheumatic disorders of every kind, and in thousands of cases where it has been used it has never been known to fail.

FOR NEURALGIA, it will afford immediate relief in every case, however distressing.

It will relieve the worst case of HEADACHE in three minutes and is warranted to do it.

TOOTHACHE also will it cure instantly.

FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY and GENERAL LASSITUDE arising from imprudence or excess, this liniment is a most happy and unfailing remedy. Acting directly upon the nervous tissues, it strengthens and revives the system and restores it to elasticity and vigor.

FOR PILES.—As an external remedy, we claim that it is the best known, and we challenge the world to produce an equal. Every victim of this distressing complaint should give it a trial, for it will not fail to afford immediate relief, and in a majority of cases will effect a radical cure.

QUINSY and SORE THROAT are sometimes extremely malignant and dangerous, but a timely application of this liniment will never fail to cure.

SPRAINS are sometimes very obstinate, and enlargement of the joints is liable to occur if neglected. The worst cases may be conquered by this liniment in two or three days.

BRUISES, CUTS, WOUNDS, SORES, ULCERS, BURNS and SCALDS, yield readily to the wonderful healing properties of Dr. Sweet's Infallible LINIMENT, when used according to directions. Also, Chilblains, Frosted Feet and insect bites and stings.

Every Horse Owner,

should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of Lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases, to which all horses are liable, and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

Over four hundred voluntary testimonials to the wonderful curative properties of this Liniment have been received within the last two years, and many of them from persons in the highest ranks of life.

Caution.

To avoid imposition, observe the Signature and Likeness of Dr. Stephen Sweet on every label, and also, "Stephen Sweet's Infallible Liniment" blown in the glass of each bottle, without which none are genuine.

1y28 RICHARDSON & CO.,
Sole proprietors, Norwich, Ct.
For sale by H. H. HAY, Gen. Agt., Portland
H. B. HALL, Agent, Bethel.

To Horse Owners.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT FOR HORSES is unrivaled by any, in and all cases of Lameness, arising from Sprains, Bruises or Wrenching, its effect is magical and certain. Harness or Saddle Galls, Scratches, Mange, &c., it will also cure speedily. Spavin and Ringbone may be easily prevented and cured in their incipient stages, but confirmed cases are beyond the possibility of a radical cure. No case of the kind, however, is so desperate or hopeless but it may be alleviated by this Liniment, and its faithful application will always remove the lameness, and enable the horse to travel with comparative ease.

Every horse owner should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases mentioned, to which all horses are liable, and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

See advertisement.

NOTICE.

DR. O. M. TWITCHELL is administrator of the estate of Dr. Almon Twitchell.

Will you call and settle, or shall your account be left with a lawyer?

AMERIC'N WATCHES
as well as English, French and Swiss, at
J. S. ABBOTT'S, Bethel Hill, Me

PATENT MEDICINES
and Perfumery of most kinds. Pure Bear's Oil, and other Oils at ABBOTT'S, Bethel Hill

From a PENNY WHISTLE,
To a STOVE PIPE
2 46 at ABBOTT'S, Bethel Hill, Me

GOULD'S ACADEMY!

THE WINTER TERM of this Institution will commence on the 1st Tues. in December.
N. T. TRUE, PRINCIPAL
Bethel, Nov. 1st, 1860.

Posters Printed at this Office!

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

J. S. ABBOTT,

Has just returned from Boston with a large stock of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,

SILVER & PLATED WARE
FANCY GOODS,
Stationery, Cutlery, Perfumery

and any quantity of other goods in his line, all of which he offers at the

Lowest Cash Prices!

at wholesale or retail. Having a large stock on hand, and knowing the times to be hard, he is willing to sell at the lowest possible price, and thinks he can sell cheaper than most people, for he buys his goods at head quarters and pays cash down for them. Everything is warranted to be what it is sold for. His motto is: "HONESTY IS THE BEST POLICY," and the most sure to succeed.

All kinds of work done in his line and warranted

Cash paid for Old Gold & Silver.
2 46tf BETHEL HILL, ME.

Cooking Stoves
DIFFERENT PATTERNS!
NEW STYLES!!
Just received, and for sale low at
HARRIS'S.

All persons in want of stoves will please call on him.

Freedom Notice.

THIS certifies that I have this day given my son STEPHEN D. MORGAN his time to act and trade for himself. I shall claim none of his wages or pay any debts of his contracting after this date
MOSES MORGAN.
Attest—ANDREW J AYER.
Oct 10th 1860.

HUNNEWELL'S
UNIVERSAL
COUGH REMEDY.

This valuable preparation, freed of all the common components, such as Opiates, or Expectorants, which not only run down the system, but destroy all chance of cure, will be found on trial to possess the following properties, and to which the most valuable testimonials may be found in the pamphlets.

For Whooping Cough, and as a Soothing Syrup, it meets every want, and by early use will save the largest proportion of ruptures in children which can be traced to Whooping Cough.

In ordinary Coughs and Bronchial Complaints, the forerunners of Consumption, its splendid tonic properties making it not only the most perfect enemy to disease, but builds up and sustains the system against a recurrence of the Complaint. No nursery should be without it, nor should parents fail to get a pamphlet, to be found with all dealers, as the only way to do justice to its value.

HUNNEWELL'S
CELEBRATED
TOLU ANODYNE.

This great Neuralgic Remedy and Natural Opiate calls for special attention and interest, being free of Opium, or preparations of Opium, or any but its strictly vegetable and medical properties. For Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Tooth and Ear Ache, Spinal Complaints, Bleeding at Lungs or Stomach, Rose or Hay Fever, Catarrh, and all minor Nervous Complaints.

For Loss of Sleep, Chronic or Nervous Head Ache, Sick Head Ache, it has no equal, and to which we offer testimonials from undoubted sources.

For Delirum Tremens it is a Sure Remedy.

For Bowel Complaints, including Cholera Morbus, it is splendidly adapted, in not only removing the pains but acting as a physic, a great contrast with Opium, which not only constipates and drugs the system, but makes the remedy worse than the disease.

From Physicians we ask attention, and on demand Formulas or Trial Bottles will be sent, developing in the Anodyne an Opiate which has long been wanted, and in the Cough Remedy such as rest entirely on one central principle.—From Invalids we ask correspondence for Pamphlets or explanation, without "postage-stamps."

Prices—Large Cough Remedy, 50 cts. per bottle.
Small " 25 " "
Tolu Anodyne, 50 " "

JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, Proprietor,
CHEMIST AND PHARMACUTIST.
NO. 9 COMMERCIAL WHARF, BOSTON, MASS.

For sale by all usual wholesale and retail dealers in every town and city.

F. S. Chandler, C. and O. H. Mason, Bethel; B. F. Bates and Co., Paris; Dr. W. A. Rust, Paris: Agents. W. F. Phillips, Wholesale Ag't, Portland 1y22

WEEKS MAGIC COMPOUND

A Safe and Speedy Remedy
FOR

Coughs,	*Asthma,*	*Bronchitis,*
Colds,	*Hooping Cough,*	*Hoarseness,*
Croup,	*Sore Throat.*	*Influenza,*

and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

The matchless success and unprecedented popularity which this remedy has attained in one short year, would seem to be sufficient guaranty of its excellency. If any one doubts it let him give it one trial.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

Having had the agency of Week's Magic Compound for some time past, and having sold a large quantity of it, we are free to say that we have never sold any medicine that gave such universal satisfaction. We do not know of a single instance in which it has not given the best satisfaction when it has been used.

C. LONGFELLOW, Machias,
O. S. GODFREY, Cherryfield,
I. H. NICKSON, Harrington.
Machias, Aug. 2, 1860.

July, 1860.

We the undersigned having used Week's Magic Compound ourselves and in our families, and having seen its effects among our neighbors, we hereby certify that we have never found its equal as a remedy for Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Gough, and other diseases of the Throat and Lungs, and we cheerfully recommend it to the public as worthy of the greatest confidence.

Henry Richardson, Judge Orleans Co. Court, Vt.
Durkee Cole, do do do
John Walbridge, late do do
N. W. Bingham, County Clerk, do
Marshall Carpenter, Probate Judge, Orleans Co.
T. C. Miles, Sheriff of do
H. C. Willson, States Attorney of do
J. E. Dickerman, (late) do do
I. N. Cushman, Cashier of Bank of Orleans, Vt.

Certificates like the above are being received daily, speaking in its praise.

A single trial will satisfy all, of the truth of the above.

Manufactured and sold by E. B. MAGOON AND Co., St. Johnsbury, Vt., to whom all orders should be addressed.

GENERAL AGENTS:—M. S. Burr and Co., 23 Tremont St., and Geo. C. Goodwin and Co., 11 and 13 Marshall St., Boston.

Sold in Bethel by C. and O. H. Mason, F. S. Chandler, I. C. Kimball, John Harris and J. S. Abbott. 1y20

Selected Poetry.

The Three Friends.

Three friends that never fail,
  Each mortal hath,
Himself, his God, and last,
  The angel, Death.

Dearer than power or fame,
  Or hoarded pelf,
Nearer than brother's love—
  The love of self.

Truer than sun or star,
  Higher than Heaven,
Deeper than nether space,
  God's love is given.

More gentle than the Spring,
  Or Summer's breath,
And as a mother kind,
  The angel, Death.

There is a threefold fate,
  Binding the soul:
God fills, Self drinks, Death breaks
  Its golden bowl.

The cup is filled with bliss,
  Drain it, O, soul!
Nor hate the friend that breaks
  The empty bowl.

Putridity of Wells.

An article in the *Homestead* of a week or two since, in regard to the restoration of Mr. Snow's well, which had become putrid, recalls to mind an experience of our own in curing a similar trouble.

We had a well of beautiful water, soft and cool which all at once began to taste and smell as if the dead body of some animal were undergoing the decaying process in it. We gave it a thorough examination by the aid of the looking glass, but could discover nothing. We descended to the water, but found no animal or vegetable matter in a putrid condition, and we were forced to the conclusion that the water was of itself putrid. Having reached this conclusion, we set our wits at work to devise a remedy; we remembered that only still water becomes thus affected, and that running water never became so. We thought the reason of the continued purity of the latter must be because of its continued agitation bringing all its particles continually in contact with the atmospheric air when it absorbed the oxygen to the necessary degree for re-invigoration of any property lost in sustaining its teeming, infinitessimal life. Upon this thought we based our action and remedy. We hired a man to work thoroughly the chain pump in the well, working with all his might for two hours, during which time he scarcely diminished the depth of the water. It was not longer than twenty-four hours before the water was as sweet and good as ever. We believe that it was the thorough agitation of the water by pumping, extending to the very bottom of the well, that effected the cure.

Again, we now have a cistern filled with rainwater from the roof, which passes through a filter in reaching the cistern. A week ago the water in the cistern became putrid, tasting and smelling, we can't tell how bad. We remembered the experiment with the well, and the supposed reason of its cure; so we procured a long pole, and thoroughly stirred it up agitating the water as much as possible, perhaps working at the job fifteen minutes. In twenty-four hours the water was sweet and wholesome again.

These facts in our experience lead us to the conclusion that Mr. Snow's well, an account of the restoration of which has led us to pen this article, was purified more by the agitation of the water by the bag of charcoal being pulled up and down in it, than by any influences of the coal itself.—*Homestead.*

A Good Recipe.

We are indebted to an exchange paper for the following recipe, which it is claimed is worth $100, and publish it for the benefit of housewives in general, and our lady readers in particular:

"Take one pound of sal soda and a half a pound of unslaked lime, put them in a gallon of water, and boil 20 minutes; let it stand till cool, then drain off, and and put it in a stone jar or jug. Soak your dirty clothes, over night, or until they are well wet through, then wring them out, and rub on plenty of soap: and to one boiler of clothes well covered with water, add one teaspoonful of washing fluid. Boil briskly half an hour, then wash them thoroughly through one suds, and rinse well with water and your clothes will look better than by the old way of washing twice before boiling.—This is an invaluable recipe, and I do want every poor woman to try it. I think with a patent wash tub to do the little rubbing, the washerwoman might take the last book and compose herself on the lounge, and let the washing do itself. The woman that can keep a secret has known this a year or two, but her husband told it while on an electioneering tour.

How to Finish Rooms.—Bayard Taylor's opinion on this subject is thus expressed in the *Independent:*

"For the finishing of the rooms there is nothing equal to the native wood, simply oiled to develope the beauty of the grain. Even the commonest pine, treated in this way, has a warmth and lustre, beside which the dreary white paint, so common even in the best houses, looks dull and dead. Nothing gives a house such a cold, uncomfortable air as white paint and white plaster. This color is only fit for the tropics. Our cheap, common woods—pine, ash, chestnut, oak, maple, beech, walnut, butternut—offer us a variety of exquisite tints and fibrous patterns, which, until recently, have been wholly disregarded in building. Even in furniture we are just beginning to discover how much more chaste and elegant are oak and walnut than mahogany. The beauty of a room is as dependent on the harmony of its coloring as that of a picture. Some of the ugliest and most disagreeable apartments I have ever seen were just those which contained the most expensive furniture and decorations.

My experience shows that a room finished with the best seasoned oak or walnut costs actually less than one finished with pine, painted and grained in imitation of those woods. Two verandahs of yellow pine, treated to two coats of boiled oil, have a richness and beauty of color beyond the reach of pigments; and my only regret connected with the house is, that I was persuaded by the representations of mechanics, to use any paint at all."

How to Propose.—A few nights back a small party of ladies and gentlemen were laughing over the supposed awkwardness attending a declaration of love, when a gentleman remarked that if ever he offered himself, he would do it in a collected business manner.

"For instance," he continued, addressing himself to a lady present, "I would say, Miss S——, I have been two years looking for a wife. I am in receipt of a thousand pounds a year from my business, which is daily on the increase. Of all the ladies of my acquaintance, I admire you the most—indeed I love you, and would gladly make you my wife."

"You flatter me by your preference," good humoredly replied Miss S——, to the surprise of all present. "I refer you to my father."

"Bravo! exclaimed the gentlemen.

"Well, I declare!" said the ladies in chorus.

The lady and gentleman, good reader, were married soon after. Wasn't that a modest way of "coming to the point," and a lady-like method of taking a man at his word?

Sleeping in Church.—Somebody tells an anecdote of a clergyman who was complimenting a hard working parishioner on his punctuality in attending public worship. "Oh, yes," said the recipient of the compliment, "I am always glad when Sunday comes." "Tell me, my brother," asked the clergyman, "how you feel when the blessed day of rest arrives?" Ah! said the man, "it's a blessed day of rest, indeed. When it comes, you see, I fixes myself up a bit, goes to the church, leans back in my pew, sticks my knees up, shuts my eyes, and thinks of nothing at all.

Idleness not Happiness.

The most common error of men and women is that of looking for happiness somewhere outside of useful work. It has never been found, and never will be while the world stands, and the sooner this truth is learned the better for every one. If you doubt the proposition, glance around among your friends and acquaintances, and select those who appear to have the most enjoyment through life.—Are they idlers and pleasure-seekers, or the earnest workers? We know what your answer will be. Of all the miserable human beings it has been our fortune or misfortune to know, they were the most wretched who had retired from useful employment, in order to enjoy themselves. Why, the slave at his enforced labor, or the hungry toiler for bread were supremely happy in comparison.

☞ A tall western girl named Short long loved a certain big Mr. Little; while Little, little thinking of Short, loved a little lass named Long. To make a long story short, Little proposed to Long, and Short longed to be even with Little's short-comings. So Short, meeting Long, threatened to marry Little before long, which caused Little in a short time to marry Long.

Domestic Recipes.

Brown Bread.—One quart rye meal; two quarts Indian meal; two table spoonfuls of molasses; mix thoroughly with sweet milk; let it stand one hour, then bake in a slow oven.

White Bread.—One spoonful of hop yeast; two potatoes boiled; one pint of water and make a sponge, and when light or sufficiently raised, mix hard and let rise, and when it is light again, I mold it over and bake when light.

Good Yeast.—Boil one pound of good flour, a quarter of a pound of moist sugar, and a half an ounce of salt, in two gallons of water, for an hour. When nearly cold, bottle and cork it closely.—It will be fit for use in twenty-four hours, and one pint will make eighteen pounds of bread.

Toast without Butter.—Put in a pan a pint of milk; when it boils, have two tablespoonfuls of flour dissolved in a little cold milk, and pour in, and salt, let it scald, but not boil; and pour it over the bread.

Batter Pudding.—Beat four eggs thoroughly, mix with them half a pint of milk, and add them by degrees to half a pound of flour. When the batter is perfectly smooth, thin it with another half pint of milk. Flour well a wet pudding cloth, pour the batter in, leave it room to swell, tie it securely, and put it in plenty of fast boiling water. One hour and a quarter will boil it.

Chicken Pie.—Take a pair of chickens cut in small pieces, adding a proper quantity of pepper and salt and small strips of salt pork, and put the whole into a sauce pan and cover with water. Boil for half an hour, add flour and butter to thicken the gravy. Provide a large dish for baking it, served with paste; put the whole into the dish and bake the pie half an hour. It is best while fresh from the fire.

Pumpkin Pies.—A correspondent of the *Genesee Farmer* writes: "My wife believes that she has discovered a new method of making pumpkin pies which has many advantages. Instead of stewing the pumpkin, bake it in large pieces with the skin on, in the stove oven; then scoop out the pumpkin, and treat it as if stewed. The labor and care is very much diminished, and the pie improved in quality."

Curtain Lecture.

Cold weather—yes, it is cold, and I believe I was promised that as soon as the cold weather had set in I was to have a full set of stone martens, not imitations, but the real genuine article. *Don't know stone martens!* Have you lived so long in the world and had so much to do with woman, and not know the genuine article of fur? I'll bet, if the truth was known, there is more than one woman wearing them at your expense, and married at that. Now you shan't fool me with your ignorance. I know what is what as well as some other people.—Come, where can I go for the furs?—*Lapland a good place to get them!* Indeed—indeed—is your order good there? Was it there you purchased the last present you made to ——? *What am I trying to get through me?* I am trying to get something on me to keep from freezing to death this cold winter. *Can't sleep in them!* Why do you keep anticipating my thoughts? You must be an impossible "mejeum," as the Spiritualists say. I didn't say sleep with them. You had better not press me too close, or I will put a question to you that will make you hotter than a Lapland robe.—*Only cost two hundred and fifty dollars!* You groan as if it was something terrific. I have known them to cost as much as a small farm, or a village house and lot.—The case is nothing, so long as I want the furs. *Can't rest?* You ought not to rest. A man with the load on his conscience you have never will rest, either in this world or the world to come. *Insinuations?* Truth! every word as true as gospel. *Get the furs!* I knew it. I may look old, but I ain't green.

☞ Scene in a first class hotel, a slender individual enters and takes a seat at the head of the table.

"Waitah!"

"What, sir?"

"Got any green peas?"

"Yes, sir—have some?"

"Ya-a-s; bring me three."

"Anything else, sir?"

"Ya-a-as; a slice or two of strawberry, cut very thin."

"Certainly, sir, anything more?"

"More, sah! What do you take me for—a perfect hog, ah?"

☞ It is a saying of moralists that the lower orders of animals have not the vices of men, yet it is certain that some of the insects are *back-biters*, and all of the quadrupeds *tale-bearers.*

Fattening Turkeys.—A writer in the Germantown *Telegraph* furnishes that journal with the following statement:—Much has been published of late in our agricultural journals in relation to the alimentary properties of charcoal. It has been repeatedly asserted that domestic fowls may be fattened on it without any other food, and that, too, in a shorter time than on the most nutritive grains. I made an experiment and must say that the result surprised me, as I had always been rather skeptical. Four turkeys were confined in a pen, and fed on meal boiled potatoes and oats. Four others of the same breed were also at the same time confined in another pen, and fed on the same articles, but with one pint of pulverized charcoal in their pen. The eight were killed the same day, and there was found a difference of one and a half pounds each in favor of the fowls which had been supplied with charcoal, they being much the fattest, and the meat greatly superior in point of tenderness and flavor.

BOURBON ELIXIR.

THE proprietor introduces his Elixir to the public with a positive knowledge that it will perform all that he claims for it. He did not originate it for the sake of having something to sell, but to cure himself of Dyspepsia, and Sore Throat, of years standing. He succeeded completely in doing so, and, now, after having established its remarkable curative power beyond a doubt, by its use in a great variety of other cases, with equal success, he offers it to the public for the relief of the suffering.

Try it ye gloomy and desponding, there is Health and happiness in store for you yet.

IT CURES DYSPEPSIA:
IT CURES CONSUMPTION:
IT CURES SORE THROAT:
IT CURES A SLUGGISH LIVER

It strengthens and regenerates the Enfeebled System; And there is no medicine known that gives the food to do so much good, that adds such healthy nutrition to the Blood and Vital Forces of the system as the Boubon Elixir.

For sale by JAMES NUTTING, Bethel

Prepared and sold by W. A. Sleeper, Nashua, N. H. 1y51

MANHOOD.
HOW LOST. HOW RESTORED.

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope

ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT AND radical cure of Spermatorrhoea or seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, Nervousness and Involuntary Emission, inducing Impotency and Mental and Physical Incapacity.

By ROB. J. CULVERWELL, M.D.,
Author of "The Green Book," &c.

The important fact that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without internal medicines or the dangerous applications of caustics, instruments, medicated bougies, and other empirical devices, is here clearly demonstrated, and the entirely new and highly successful treatment, as adopted by the celebrated author fully explained, by means of which every one is enabled to cure himself perfectly, and at the least possible cost, thereby avoiding all the advertised nostrums of the day. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal to any address, post paid, on the receipt of two postage stamps, by addressing Dr. CH. J. C. KLINE, M. D., 480 First Avenue, New York, Post Box 4586. 1y16

Health and Happiness Secured

THE CONCENTRATED CURE
THE CONCENTRATED CURE
A POWERFUL REMEDY
A POWERFUL REMEDY
FOR WEAKNESS
FOR WEAKNESS
FOR EARLY INDISCRETION
FOR EARLY INDISCRETION
TRY IT! TRY IT!
TRY IT! TRY IT!

The Concentrated Cure!

A certain and powerful remedy for weakness of the
PROCREATIVE ORGANS.

It is prepared by
An eminent Physician of this city
And has long been known here as
the only remedy
That would surely and permanently restore to a Natural State of Health and Vigor, persons weakened by excess, or by
the indiscretions of early youth

Although not many months has elapsed since it was first generally introduced by means of extensive advertising, it is now curing a vast number of

THE UNFORTUNATE;

Who having been led to
make a trial of its virtues,
are rapidly recovering their wonted
HEALTH AND STRENGTH

This preparation is not a Stimulant, but
A Purely Medical Remedy.

The afflicted are invited to try it.
IT WILL SURELY CURE.

Send for a Circular first, read it carefully, and then you will send for the medicine
Price per Vial One Dollar.

Can be sent by mail. One vial will last a month.

K. CRUGER, Agent,
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A PLEASANT STIMULANT.

For the Genital Organs can be obtained by sending $5 to the Agent as above.
SENT FREE BY MAIL.

Circulars or medicines can be procured of Druggists Everywhere.

Alden & Co., Agent, Bangor. 1y29

GRINDING!

THE Subscriber would say to his friends, and the public generally, that he has taken a lease of the Grist-Mill at

Walker's Mills,

and is ready to grind grain of all kinds at short notice and in the best manner.

JOHN RIPLEY.

Walker's Mills, Bethel, }
Feb. 23, 1860. }

N. B. Satisfaction guaranteed

"COURIER"
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT,

Chapman's Block, - - - BETHEL, ME.

J. ALDEN SMITH, Proprietor.

HAVING recently purchased the "Courier" office and removed it to new and commodious rooms in Chapman's new brick building, opposite the Common, and refitted and furnished it with a large assortment of

NEW TYPES,

Borders, Engravings, Rules, &c.

and having a new Power Press, one of Ruggles' celebrated

Fast Job Presses,

and a Yankee Card Press, we are prepared to fill orders for all kinds of Job Printing, with the greatest expedition, and in a style surpassed by none. Orders solicited for every description of Plain and Ornamental Job Printing, such as

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BUSINESS, ADDRESS & WEDDING

CARDS,

LABELS, ENVELOPES, TICKETS,

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Particular attention paid to

BRONZE & CRYSTAL PRINTING!

— AND —

PRINTING IN COLORS,

such as Bronzed Labels, Gilt Signs, Colored Show Cards, Posters &c.

☞ By giving strict personal attention to all work entrusted to us, and prompt and honorable dealing, we hope to merit and receive a share of the public patronage.

Bethel, Nov. 10th, 1860.

A Novelty in the Art World.

PHOTOGRAPHY ON PORCELAIN.

Secured by letters patent in the U. States, England, France and Belgium.

The Am. Photographic Porcelain Comp'y

No. 781 Broadway, N. York, having secured their novel and ingenious invention by American and European patents, are fully prepared to execute all orders for

MINIATURE LIKENESSES OF PERSONS ON CHINA,

presenting all the attractive and advantageous features of ordinary photographs, the brilliancy and finish of a water-color drawing, and a hitherto unattained quality of durability, by being rendered as imperishable as the natural properties of the articles upon which they are transferred.

As the patented process of the Company enables the reproduction of Photographs, not only on plain surfaces, but upon such as are round, or of any degree of irregularity—portraits can be reproduced with faultless accuracy and delicacy of delineation, upon Porcelain wares of any description and dimension used as articles of luxury or of household utility, such as

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&c., thereby securing faithful portraits and furnishing a unique and exquisite style of ornamentation of articles in domestic use.

In order to furnish facilities for the gratification of the popular taste, and to meet the wants of those patrons of the fine arts desirous of having Portraits on Porcelain, the Company have imported from Europe a collection of superior porcelain goods, manufactured to their own order, which they sell at cost prices.

As the Am. Co. are owners of the patent right and consequently the only persons authorized to use the process, they have determined, in order to afford people in every section of the union an opportunity to possess

PORTRAITS ON CHINA

to make the following proposition to residents in the country, who are unable to visit personally the Atelier and Galleries in New York.

Persons sending a photograph, ambrotype or daguerreotype to the office of the Company in N. York, accompanied by FIVE DOLLARS, will receive in return by express, free of other charge.

A Richly Ornamented Breakfast Cup & Saucer, with the Portrait Transferred

thereon. By transmitting a daguerreotype and TEN DOLLARS, they will secure in like manner.

A nice French Vase or Toilet Article,

with the portrait reproduced by the patented process. By sending a pair of daguerreotypes and FIFTEEN DOLLARS, they will receive in return

A PAIR OF RICH SEVRES VASES,

with the portraits executed equal to miniature paintings; and, in like manner, portraits can be reproduced on porcelain wares or

Vases of every Quality of Finish,

ranging in price from

Twenty to One Hundred Dollars pr Pair.

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A Wonderful Remedy
FOR
A WONDERFUL AGE!

Herricks Sugar Coated Pills,

The best family Cathartic in the WORLD; used twenty years by five millions of PERSONS annually; always give satisfaction; contain nothing injurious; patronized by the Principal Physicians and Surgeons in the UNION; elegantly coated with sugar. Large Boxes 25 cts. 5 Boxes ONE DOLLAR.—Full directions with each box. Warranted superior to any Pill before the public.

HERRICK'S

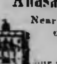
KID STRENGTHENING PLASTERS

cure in five hours, pains and weakness of the breast, side and back, and Rheumatic complaints in equally short periods of time. Spread on beautiful white lamb skin, their use subjects the wearer to no inconvenience, and each one will wear from one week to three months. Price 18 3/4 Cents.

Herrick's Sugar Coated Pills and Kid Plasters are sold by druggists and merchants in all parts of the United States, Canada and South America, and may be obtained by calling for them by their full name.

Dr. L. R. HERRICK and CO., Albany, N. Y.
For sale by H. B. HALL, & L. C. KIMBALL, Bethel, MILTON HOLT, West Bethel.
E. BLASHFIELD, Travelling Agent. 1y37

Anasagunticook House!



Near the Mineral Springs, at the foot of Anasagunticook Mountain
Bethel Me.,

Four miles from Bethel Hill, one mile from West Bethel depot, on the Grand Trunk Railroad, and eighteen miles from the "Alpine House," in Gorham, N. H.

The subscriber has the pleasure of announcing to the public that he has recently enlarged and refitted his hotel.

His tables will be furnished with all the dainties of the season; and carriages and saddle horses will be constantly ready to convey guest to any part of the Androscoggin valley.

Board, including use of baths, will be furnished on the most reasonable terms.

27 JOHN S. CHAPMAN, Proprietor.

ISLAND POND HOTEL
Island Pond, Vt.

Through Trains dine here.

Way Trains remain over night.

Porters in attendance to convey Baggage to the house free of charge.

Stairs and Covered Passage from Depot to Hotel.

7 G. O. WATERHOUSE, Proprietor.

FAIRBANKS'
Premium Standard Scales,
Removed to
118 Milk Street,

Where, with greatly improved and enlarged facilities, we shall be happy to continue to serve our former customers, and the public generally.

Fairbanks' Premium Standard

Hay, Coal, Railroad, Platform and Counter Scales,

In Every Variety.

FAIRBANKS & BROWN.

BETHEL

MARBLE YARD!!

THE SUBSCRIBER would say to his friends and all others who may be in want of

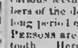
Monuments, Gravestones, Tables, &c.,

that he is prepared to furnish any article of Marble Work in as good style and at as low prices as at any place in the State.

C. M. WORMELL

Bethel April 6, 1860.

DENTISTRY.



Dr. Barker's Office on the corner of Main and Church Sts., is the place to go to if you are suffering with toothache. There you can have your teeth filled, and thereby preserved for years. It is a well established fact that carious teeth may again become useful members of the dental arch, and be retained for a long period of time, if skilfully filled. Few Persons are aware of the real value of a good tooth. Here too the toothless may obtain TEETH, suited to their individual wants, which for adaptation, and beauty of finish are unsurpassed. Prices range as follows:—

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Particular attention paid to the correction of irregularities.

Some who call themselves Dentists, may be found who will do work far below these prices, which when worn, proves a base imposition, and occasions present pain, and permanent injury. None but the VERY BEST material used. A word to the wise SHOULD BE sufficient.

Bethel, May 24, 1860 23tf

AMBROTYPES!

THE SUBSCRIBER would most respectfully inform the inhabitants of Bethel and vicinity that he has Rooms, (formerly occupied by J. E. Small,) on Main Street, where he is now ready to furnish each and every one with

GOOD LIKENESSES,
For 25 Cents

and upwards, with

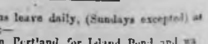
Perfect Satisfaction, or no Sale.

Call and Examine Specimens.

D. S. MITCHELL.

August 2, 1860. Artist.

G. T. Railroad.
Portland District.



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Leave Portland for Island Pond and way Stations, at 7.15, A. M., and 1.15, P. M.

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3tf S. T. CORSER, Superintendent.

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to kill, and Medicines to cure at
J. S. ABBOTT'S, Bethel Hill.

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ABBOTT'S, Bethel Hill, Me.

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Except at J. S. Abbott's, the great Bazaar for Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Toys, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Fishing Tackle, Medicines, Gun Fixings, & [illegible] Pipes, and any thing that you can't find any [illegible] else, in his line. Bethel Hill.

The Bethel Courier.

A Weekly Family [illegible]

VOL. 2.

The Bethel Courier.

Published every Friday morning—Office in Chapman's Block, Bethel Hill, Me.

J. ALDEN SMITH, - - - Proprietor.
N. T. TRUE, - - - Editor.

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AUCTIONEER
BETHEL, ME.

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BETHEL HILL, Me.

THE SUBSCRIBER would inform the public that he has recently purchased this well-known House, and is prepared to accommodate the public generally with good board and lodgings at reasonable terms.

The above House has within the last three months been thoroughly remodeled and refitted, and furnished from cellar to attic with new furniture, and is a most desirable home for travelers for business or pleasure.

☞ A carriage in constant attendance at the Depot for the conveyance of passengers

WM. F. LOVEJOY.

☞ Horses and Carriages to let